NEW
Teacher Name:
Local Association:

Name:		

Date: _____

Part I: EAR TRAINING Each example will be played twice.

Section A: Are the sounds you hear high or low? Circle the correct answer.

- 1. High Low
- 2. High Low
- 3. High Low

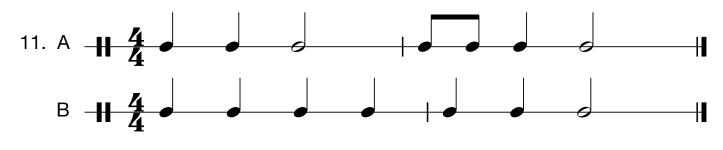
Section B: Are the sounds you hear going up, going down, or staying the same? Circle the correct answer.

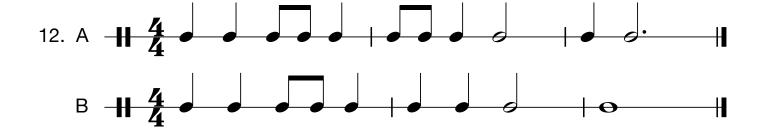
- 4. Up Down Same
- 5. Up Down Same
- 6. Up Down Same

Section C: Are the chords you hear Major or minor? Circle the correct answer.

- 7. Major minor
- 8. Major minor
- 9. Major minor
- 10. Major minor

Section D: Which rhythm do you hear? Circle A or B.

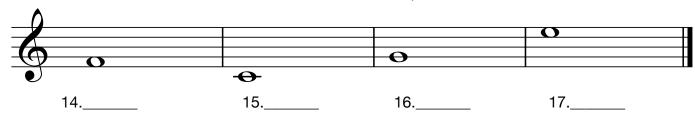




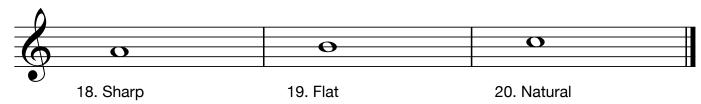


Part II: WRITTEN

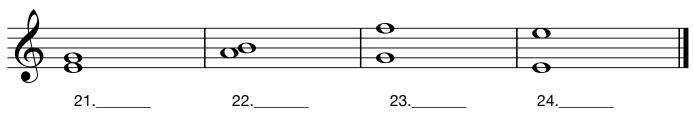
Section E: Name these notes in the blanks below the notes. Use capital letters.



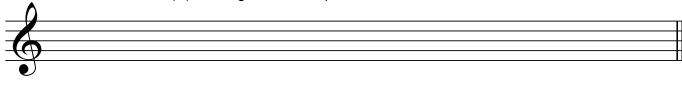
Section F: Draw the following symbols in the correct places with the following notes.



Section G: Identify these intervals by NUMBER only, as 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 (octave).



Section H: Draw whole notes ($_{o}$) on the given line or space.



27. Line E

28. Line F

26. Space C

Section I: Identify the correct key signatures below.

25. Line D



Section J: Add the missing bar lines.



Section K: Write the missing time signature in the correct place on the staff.



Section L: Draw the following rests in the correct places on the staff.

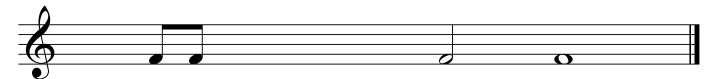


35. Quarter rest

36. Whole rest

37. Half rest

Section M: Draw a line to match each note to its correct name.



38. Half note

39. Whole note

40. Eighth notes

Section N: Match terms to their definitions. Print carefully using CAPITAL LETTERS.

45. _____ Legato

F. Indicates to repeat a section

G. A slow tempo

H. Time signature

I. Speed

J. Gradually softer

A. Loud

B. Smooth and connected

C. Gradually louder

D. Hold or pause

E. Sharp

	 •	•
NEW		
Teacher Name:	 	
Local Association:	 	

Name:				

Date: _____

Part I: EAR TRAINING Each example will be played twice.

Section A: Are the sounds you hear high or low? Circle the correct answer.

- 1. High Low
- 2. High Low
- 3. High Low

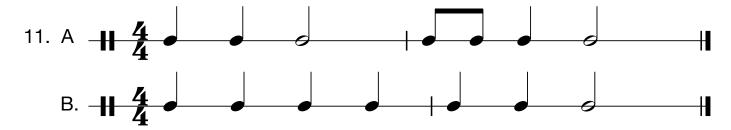
Section B: Are the sounds you hear going up, going down, or staying the same? Circle the correct answer.

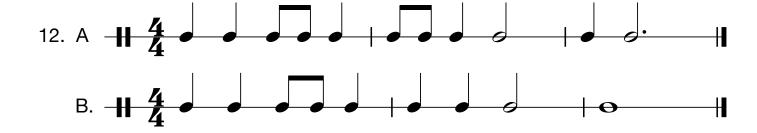
- 4. Up Down Same
- 5. Up Down Same
- 6. Up Down Same

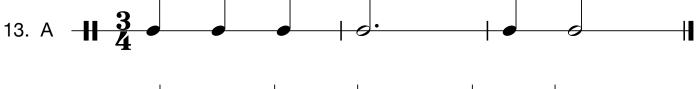
Section C: Are the chords you hear Major or minor? Circle the correct answer.

- 7. Major minor
- 8. Major minor
- 9. Major minor
- 10. Major minor

Section D: Which rhythm do you hear? Circle A or B.







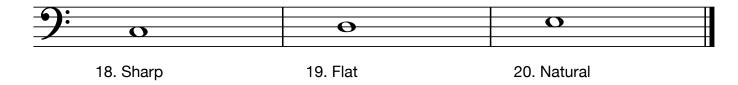


Part II: WRITTEN

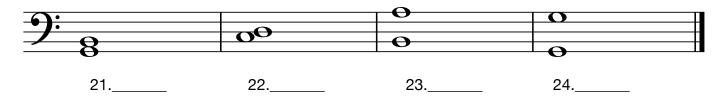
Section E: Name these notes in the blanks below the notes. Use capital letters.



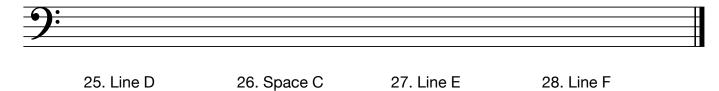
Section F: Draw the following symbols in the correct places with the following notes.



Section G: Identify these intervals by NUMBER only, as 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 (octave).



Section H: Draw whole notes ($_{o}$) on the given line or space.



Section I: Identify the correct key signatures below.



29. Key of _____

30. Key of _____

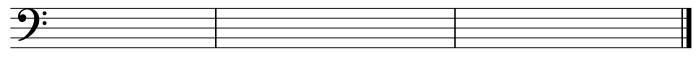
Section J: Add the missing bar lines.



Section K: Write the missing time signature in the **correct place** on the staff.



Section L: Draw the following rests in the correct places on the staff.

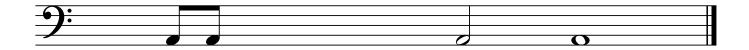


35. Quarter rest

36. Whole rest

37. Half rest

Section M: Draw a line to match each note to its correct name.

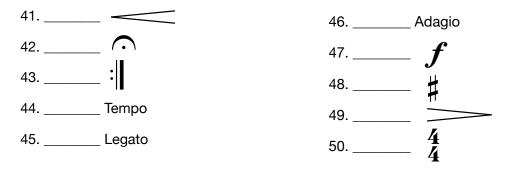


38. Half note

39. Whole note

40. Eighth notes

Section N: Match terms to their definitions. Print carefully using CAPITAL LETTERS.



A. Loud

B. Smooth and connected

C. Gradually louder

D. Hold or pause

E. Sharp

F. Indicates to repeat a section

G. A slow tempo

H. Time signature

I. Speed

J. Gradually softer

Local Association:

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NEW	
Teacher Name:	

Date:

PART I: EAR TRAINING Each example will be played twice.

Name: _

Section A: Circle the interval that you hear.

Section B: Is the chord that you hear Major or minor? Circle the correct answer.

Section C: Is the example that you hear in 3/4 or 4/4 time signature? Circle the correct answer.

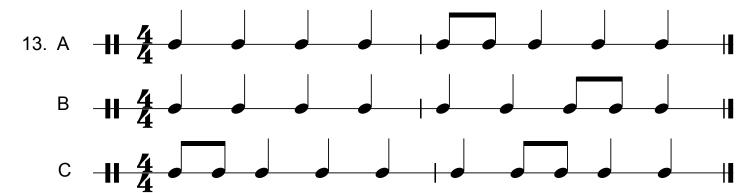
- 1. 2nd 3rd 4th 5th
- 2. 2nd 3rd 4th 5th
- 3. 2nd 3rd 4th 5th
- 4. Major minor
- 5. Major minor
- 6. Major minor

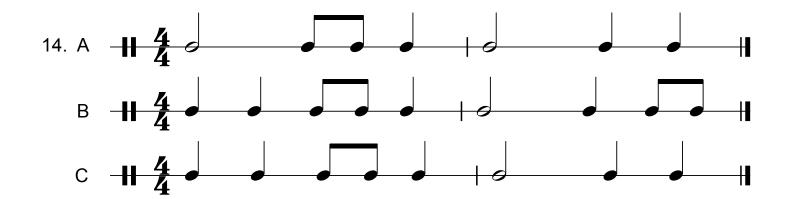
- 7. 3/4 4/4
- 8. 3/4 4/4
- 9. 3/4 4/4

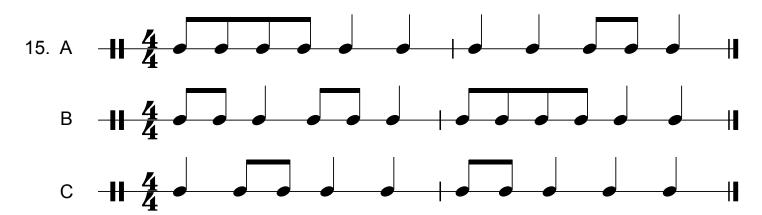
Section D: Do the melodies you hear move mostly by step (2nd interval), or skip (3rd interval or larger), or repeat? Circle the correct answer.

- 10. Step Skip Repeat
- 11. Step Skip Repeat
- 12. Step Skip Repeat

Section E: Which rhythm do you hear? Circle A, B, or C.



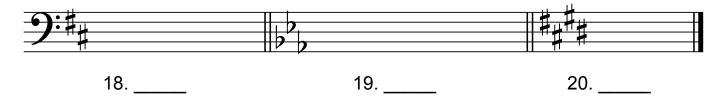




Part II: WRITTEN

Section F: Write the order of sharps and flats using CAPITAL letters.

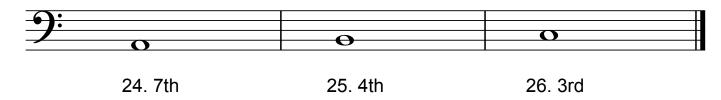
Section G: Identify these Major key signatures. Use CAPITAL letters.



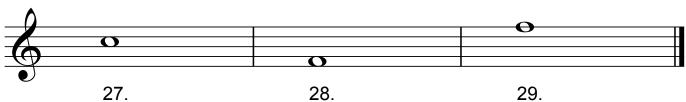
Section H: Draw an enharmonic note beside each of the following notes. Use whole notes.



Section I: Draw the following intervals ABOVE the given notes. Use whole notes.



Section J: Draw stems using the correct STEM DIRECTION and length on the notes below to turn them into half notes.



Section K: Draw the indicated whole or half steps above or below the given notes. Use whole notes.

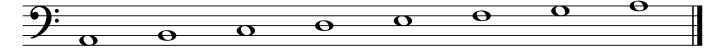


30. Whole step above 31. Half step below

32. Whole step below

Section L:

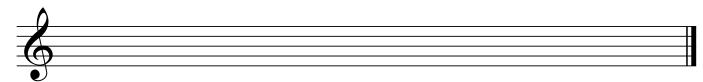
33. Add accidentals needed to create the A Major scale. (33-34)



34. Draw the B-flat Major scale using whole notes and accidentals.

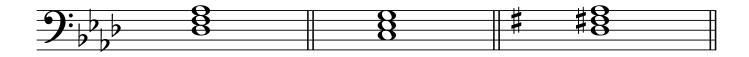


Section M: Draw the following triads in root position using accidentals where needed.



35. E-flat Major Triad 36. D Major Triad 37. F Major Triad

Section N: Identify the following triads using Roman Numerals (I, IV, or V) in the Major key signatures below.



38. ____

39. _____

40. ____

4

Name: _____

Section O: Write the missing time signature in the correct place on the staff below. (#41)



Section P: Complete each measure by drawing ONE REST under each arrow.



Section Q: Complete each measure by drawing ONE NOTE under each arrow. You can choose to put your note on any note name/pitch, but it must be the correct type of note value to complete the measure. For example, if a whole note would complete the measure, then you can write a whole note under the arrow on any pitch on the treble staff.



Section R: Match each term to its correct definition. Print carefully using CAPITAL letters.

- 46. _____ A tempo
- 47. _____ *mf*
- 48.
- 49. _____ Accent
- 50. _____ **pp**
- 51. _____ Ritardando
- 52. _____ D.S. al Fine
- 53. _____*8*va
- 54. _____ Diminuendo
- 55. _____ Staccato

- A. Play short and detached
- B. Indicates to play notes an octave higher or lower
- C. Gradually slow down
- D. Moderately loud
- E. Return to the original speed or tempo
- F. Repeat from the Sign to the Fine
- G. Indicates to play the note louder
- H. Very soft
- I. Indicates to hold a note without playing it again
- J. Gradually getting softer, decrescendo

Name:							

Date:			
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NEW

Teacher Name: _______

Local Association: _______

PART I: EAR TRAINING Each example will be played twice.

Section A: Whole and half steps. Circle the interval that you hear.

1. Whole Half

2. Whole Half

3. Whole Half

Section B: Circle the quality of the scale that you hear. M = Major Hm = Harmonic minor

1. M Hm

2. M Hm

3. M Hm

Section C: Identify the interval you hear by number only. All intervals played will be either major or perfect.

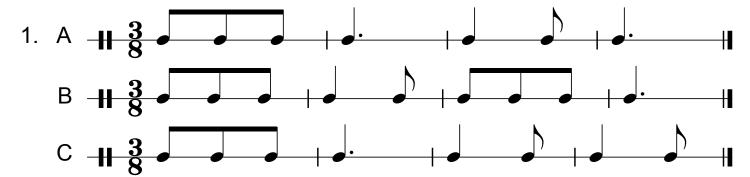
1. _____ 5. ____

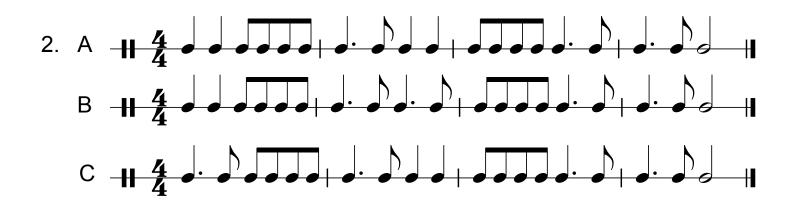
2. _____ 6. ____

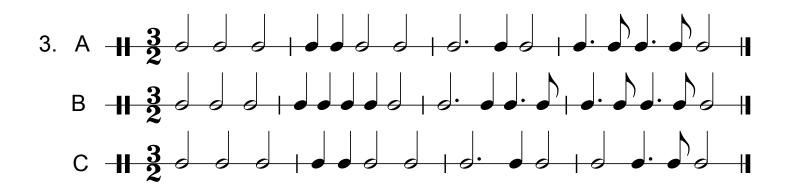
3. _____ 7. ____

4. _____ 8. ____

Section D: Circle the letter (A, B, or C) next to the rhythm that you hear.

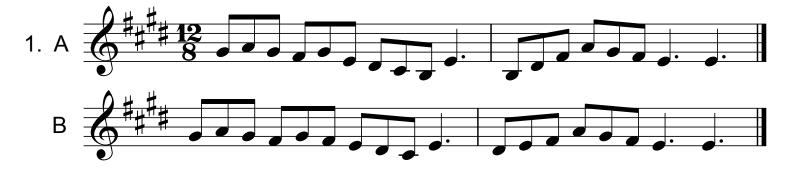


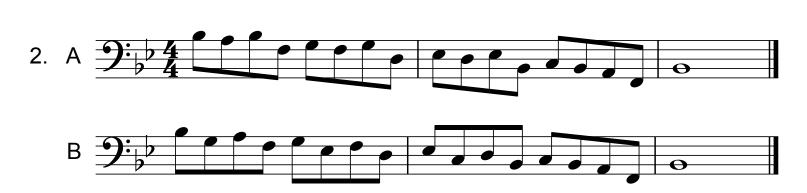






Section E: Circle the letter (A or B) next to the melody that you hear.





PART II: WRITTEN

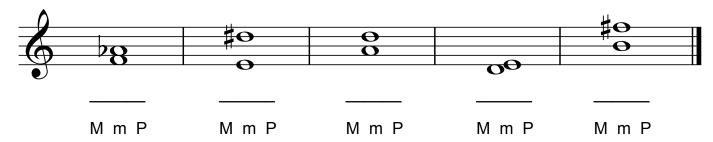
Section F: Name the root of the following triads.



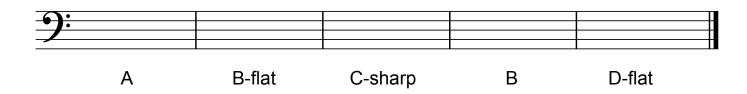
Section G: Name the following minor key signatures.



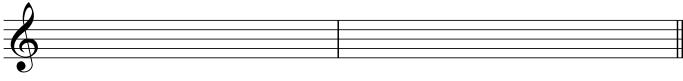
Section H: Identify the following intervals by writing the number of the interval and circling its quality. M = Major m = minor P = Perfect



Section I: Write the following Major triads in root position.



Section J: Write the order of sharps and flats on the following staff. If done correctly, the staff will show the key signatures of C-flat Major and C-sharp Major.



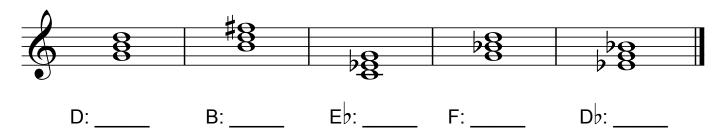
Sharps

Flats

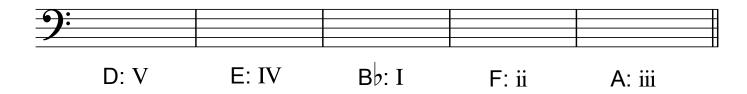
4

Name:

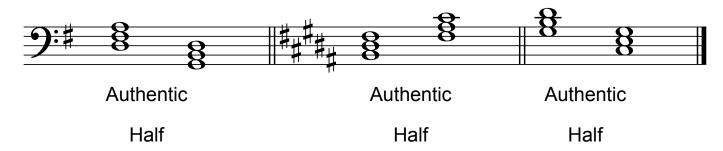
Section K: Given the Major key signatures below, identify the root-position triads using ROMAN NUMERALS. Remember to use uppercase for Major triads and lowercase for minor triads.



Section L: Write the following triads in root position. Use whole notes.



Section M: Circle whether the following cadences in these Major keys are authentic or half.



Section N: Circle whether the following 20 statements are True or False.

- 1. True False "Cantabile" means sing very softly.
- 2. True False The notes in the Eb Major scale are: Eb F G A Bb C D Eb.
- 3. True False \mathbf{C} indicates Common Time or $\frac{4}{4}$ time signature.
- 4. True False "Allegro" means a fast speed.
- 5. True False "Andante" means a fast speed.
- 6. True False The notes in the B Major scale are: B C# D# E F# G# A# B.
- 7. True False "Presto" means a medium speed.

Section N (continued)

- 8. True False "Largo" means a very slow speed.
- 9. True False "Tempo" means speed.
- 10. True False "Crescendo" means gradualy getting faster.
- 11. True False "Diminuendo" means gradually getting softer.
- 12. True False "Pianissimo" means very soft.
- 13. True False "Fortissimo" means gradually getting louder.
- 14. True False "Ritardando" means gradually slowing down.
- 15. True False An "Authentic" cadence is V I.
- 16. True False "D.C. al Fine" means repeat from the beginning to the Fine.
- 17. True False IV I is a "Half Cadence".
- 18. True False "Molto" means smooth and connected.
- 19. True False "Poco" means "little".
- 20. True False \mathbb{C} indicates Common Time or \mathbb{Z} time signature.

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NEW	
Teacher Name:	
Local Association:	
Teacher Name:	

PART I: EAR TRAINING Each example will be played twice.

Section A: Identify the interval that you hear by number only. All the intervals played will be either major, minor, or perfect.

1. _____ 5. ____

2. _____ 6. ____

3. _____ 7. ____

4. _____ 8. ____

1. M Nm Hm Mm

2. M Nm Hm Mm

3. M Nm Hm Mm

4. M Nm Hm Mm

Section C: Circle the cadence that you hear.

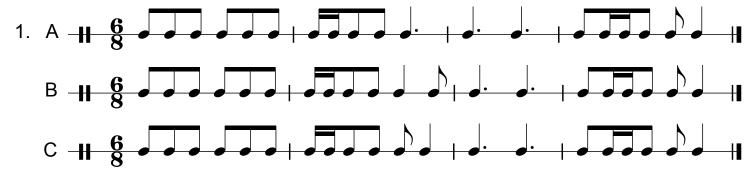
1. Authentic Half

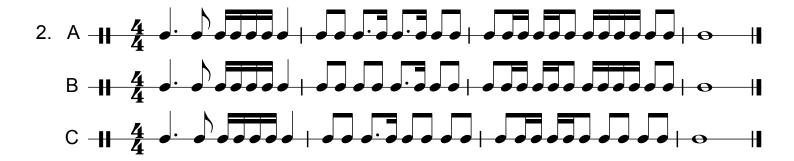
2. Authentic Half

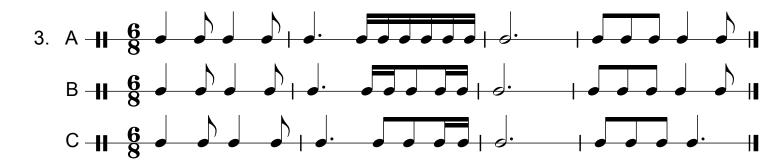
3. Authentic Half

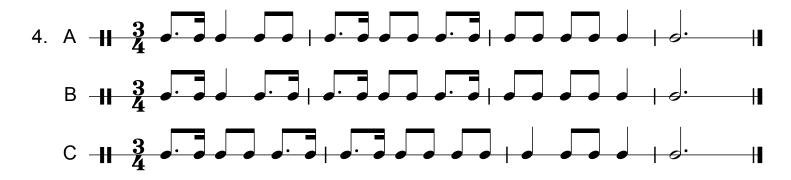
4. Authentic Half

Section D: Circle the letter (A, B, or C) of the rhythm that you hear.



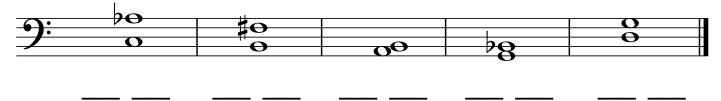






PART II: WRITTEN

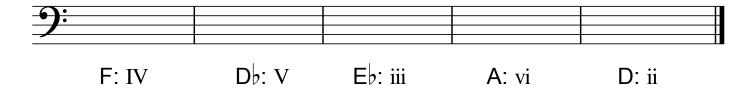
Section E: Identify the following intervals by both quality and number.



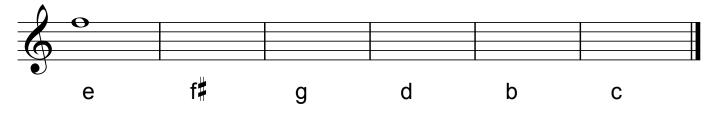
Section F: Draw an enharmonic note next to each of the following notes.



Section G: Draw each major key signature below and the chord indicated in root position.



Section H: Draw the following minor key signatures on the staff below.



Section I: Name the notes of the following scales in order from lowest to highest, unless instructed otherwise.

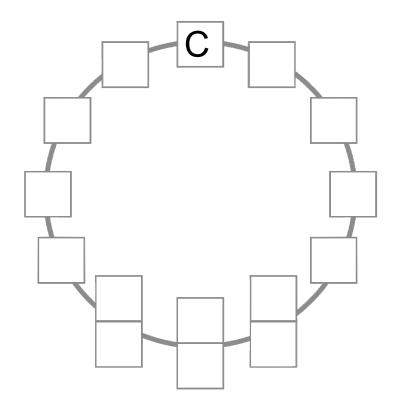
- 1. E natural minor ____ __ __ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___
- 2. F harmonic minor
- 3. G melodic minor, ascending
- 4. G melodic minor, descending
- 6. The relative natural minor of E major ____ ___ ___ ___ ___ ____ ______
- 8. The parallel natural minor of D major ____ ___ ___ ____ ____ ____
- 9. The parallel harmonic minor of A major ____ ___ ___ ___ ___ ____ ______

Section J: Draw and label (using Roman Numerals) the following cadences using triads in root position. You may either draw the key signatures or write accidentals next to the notes that need them.



Bb: Authentic Ab: Plagal D: Half F: Deceptive

Section K: Write all major keys in the Circle of Fifths through 7 sharps & 7 flats.



4

Section L: Match the terms or signs and their definitions.

Print your answers carefully using CAPITAL LETTERS.

1 11111	your answers carefully using OAI TIA	LEFIENS.
1	AB	A. Suddenly
2	Coda	B. Little
3	Più	C. Repeat from the Sign to the Fine.
4	Sforzando, sfz	D. Gradually getting louder
5	Non troppo	E. Tenuto; hold for full value, indicating an emphasis
6	Pesante	F. Binary
7	Simile	G. Very slow
8	Meno	H. Return to the original tempo
9	Leggiero	I. Tail or ending section
10	_ Dolce	J. Heavy, forceful
11	_ ABA	K. More
12	_ Subito	L. Not too much
13	_ Molto	M. In the same manner
14	_ Presto	N. Very fast
15	_ Largo	O. Suddenly loud accent
16	_ Crescendo	P. Ternary
17	_ a tempo	Q. Less
18	_ Poco	R. Lightly
19	_ D.S. al Fine	S. Sweetly
20		T. Much

2017-2018 GMTA Theory Test :: Level V

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NEW	
Teacher Name:	
Local Association:	

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Date: _____

PART I: EAR TRAINING Each example will be played twice.

Section A: (5 pts) Circle the interval you hear.

1. M3 m3 m6

4. Tritone M3

m6

P5

2. M6

P5

P4

М3

5. m6

M2

m7

P8

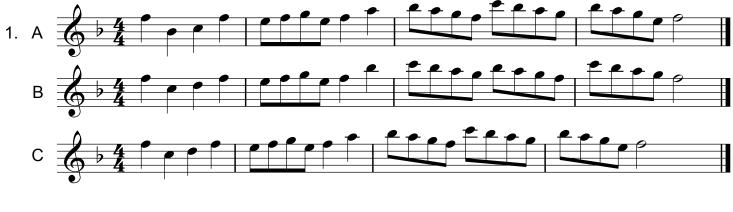
3. M7

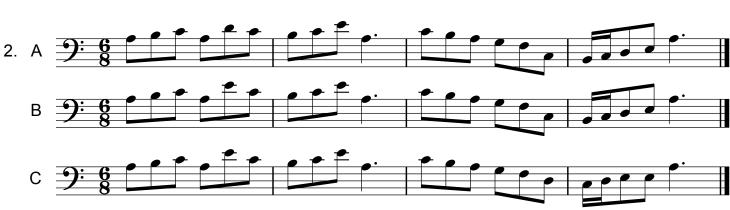
m6

m2

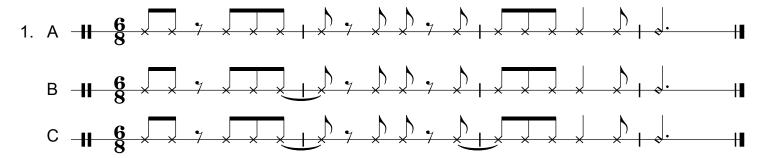
M2

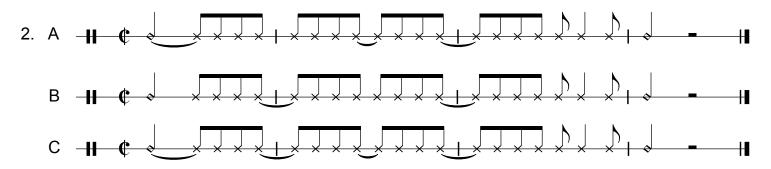
Section B: (2 pts) Circle the melody you hear: A, B, or C.





Section C: (2 pts) Circle the rhythm you hear: A, B, or C.





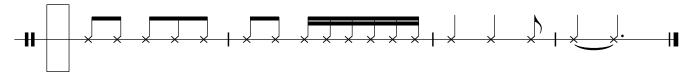
Section D (4 pts): Circle the triad you hear.

1. Major Minor Diminished Augmented 2. Major Minor Diminished Augmented 3. Major Minor Diminished Augmented 4. Major Minor Diminished Augmented **Section E** (2 pts): Circle the cadence you hear at the end of each phrase.

- 1. Authentic Plagal Half Deceptive
- 2. Authentic Plagal Half Deceptive

PART II: WRITTEN

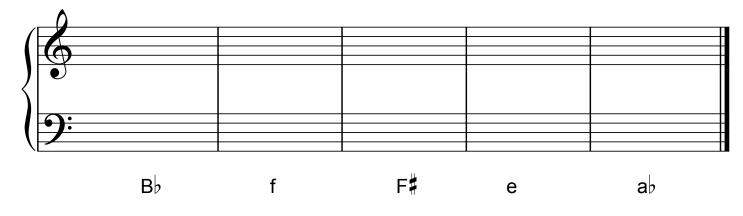
Section F: (2 pts) Write the time signature in the box provided.



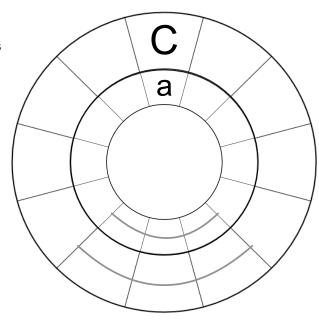
Section G: (4 pts) Draw bar lines in the appropriate places.



Section H: (5 pts) Write the following key signatures on the Grand Staff below using standard placement of sharps & flats.



Section I: (14 pts, ½ pt each) Write the names of major keys through 7 sharps & 7 flats in CAPITAL LETTERS on the outside spaces, and the names of minor keys in lowercase letters on the inside spaces.



Name:

Section J: (6 pts, 1 per bar) **Transpose** this melody to the key a **Perfect 5th higher** using the blank staff below. Include the correct key signature, accidentals, bar lines, etc. in your transposition.



Section K: (3 pts) Identify these intervals by quality (M, m, P, Dim., Aug.) **and** number.

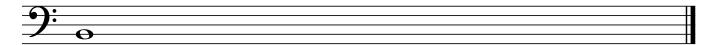


Section L: (4 pts) Write these intervals up or down from the given pitch, as indicated.

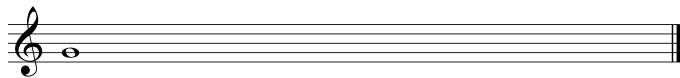


Section M: (4 pts) Write the following scales in whole notes, using individual accidentals (and **not** key signatures).

b natural minor, ascending



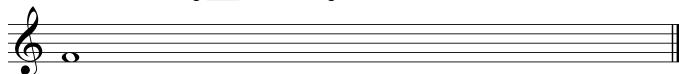
Gb Major, ascending



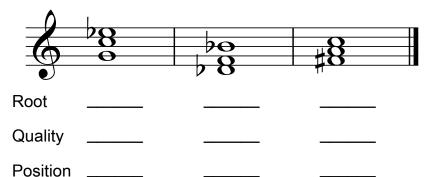
f# harmonic minor, ascending



f melodic minor, ascending and descending



Section N: (9 pts) Identify these triads by root name, quality (M, m, dim, Aug), and position (root position, 1st inversion, 2nd inversion).

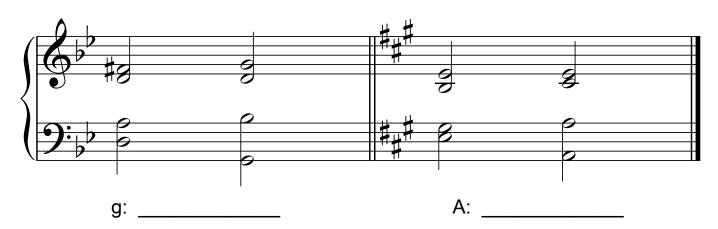


Section O: (4 pts) Identify the following chords by Roman numeral in the Major or harmonic minor key indicated.



Ш

Section P: (2 pts) Identify each cadence type using the following abbreviations: **PAC** (for perfect authentic cadence), **IAC** (for imperfect authentic cadence), **HC** (for half cadence), **PC** (for plagal cadence), and **DC** (for deceptive cadence).



Section Q: (10 pts) Match the following terms with their correct definitions. Use CAPITAL LETTERS.

A. Gradually grow fasterB. Give and take within a tempo 6. _____ Maestoso 1. _____ Vivace C. Suddenly 2. _____ Moderato 7. _____ Non troppo D. Dying away E. Always 8. _____ Morendo 3. _____ Sempre F. Not too much G. Broadening 4. _____ Allargando 9. _____ Subito H. Lively I. Moderately 10. Accelerando 5. Rubato J. Majestically

Section R: (7 pts) Write the **scale degree names** on the blanks provided for each note of the scale, beginning on tonic.

9:	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	
î	$\hat{2}$	$\hat{3}$	$\hat{4}$	Ŝ	$\hat{6}$	$\hat{7}$	8	
$\hat{1}$. tonic				ŝ				
2̂			 	Ĝ				
â			 	Ŷ. <u>_</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
â				ŝ				

Section S: (3 pts) Copy the following melody on the blank staff provided, correcting **three** errors in notation.



Section T: (8 pts) Provide a complete **Roman Numeral analysis** on the blanks below each chord of the excerpt.

